



ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

No. 01478

Woodway Square Dome Tent

Thank you for buying a Texsport Authentic Adventure Gear Product. We hope you enjoy your new tent and that it will give you many years of camping pleasure. We encourage you to read and understand each step of the set-up instructions prior to working with the tent. **DO NOT APPLY EXCESSIVE FORCE TO ANY PART OF THE TENT POLES DURING SET-UP.**

BEGINNING SET-UP:

Prepare your tent site by removing all sharp stones, twigs, etc. The site should be flat and have no depressions that could collect rain water. We recommend setting your tent on top of a polyethylene ground cloth. A Texsport P.E. Tarp works very well for a ground cloth.

STEP 1 Spread the tent floor on the ground and pull out the four corners.

STEP 2 Assemble the two individual fiberglass arch sections.

STEP 3 Insert the end of the individual pole section into any pole sleeve. Thread the pole carefully through the continuous sleeve until it emerges at the top of the tent. Now, thread the pole into the sleeve opening directly opposite the point from which it just emerged. Continue to push the pole through the sleeve until it emerges at the opposite corner of the tent. Insert this end of the pole onto the pin located on the corner webbing. At this point, several feet of the arch section will be exposed, coming out from the sleeve where you first began the threading procedure.

STEP 4 Moving around the tent, in a clockwise fashion, go to the next corner and repeat the threading procedure outlined in Step 3.

ERECTING THE TENT:

STEP 5 When all individual arch sections have been threaded through the sleeves and one end of each arch section properly secured in the pocket, you are ready to erect the tent.

STEP 6 Begin with the arch section threaded last. This arch section will form the uppermost arch of the tent. Gradually push the exposed arch section into the sleeve causing the arch section to bend into the arch shape. This individual arch will be complete when you can insert the end of the pole onto the corner pin.

STEP 7 Moving clockwise around the tent, pushing the exposed arch section into the sleeves, causing the arch shape to form. Secure the remaining end of the arch section onto the corner pin.

STEP 8 Finally, clip the speed clips onto the pole sections nearest to them. ****The extra arch section is used to "Peak" your rainfly over the front door and rear window****

STEP 9 Attach the toggle and loop to the "x" side of the poles at the top of the tent by wrapping the loop section around the poles and inserting the toggle.

RAINFLY INSTALLATION:

STEP 1 Insert the ends of the fly pole into the pole pockets on the rainfly and tie the pole to the fly in the center.

STEP 2 Drape the fly over the tent and connect the fly to the tent by connecting the bungee cord with the "S" hooks to the loop mid-way down each leg of the tent.

SOME ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Make sure you stake the tent (with the tent stakes included) in windy weather, or if you anticipate afternoon winds coming up while you are away from your campsite. Stake one corner, then stake each consecutive corner in a clockwise rotation. Make sure the tent floor remains tight. After staking the corners return and stake any other stake loop positions if applicable. Always place your tent a safe distance from your campfire - unstaked tents placed upwind of the fire can be blown into the fire. Tents placed downwind of the fire are often showered with tiny sparks that can burn holes into the lightweight fabrics of your tent. The frame system on this tent was designed to collapse during high winds. By collapsing in the wind the frame will not break, offering you years of continued use. We recommend that you practice setting up your tent at home before taking it into the wilderness.

WATERPROOFING YOUR TENT:

Texsport tents are made from coated water-repellent fabrics. However, the sewing process, necessary in all tent fabrication, can cause water leakage where the sewing needles have perforated the fabric in the seams. Without treatment the tent will leak. Every new tent needs to be seam sealed to make it water tight. We recommend using Texsport Spray Waterproofing/Seam Sealer which may be found at your local outdoor outfitter or camping store.

WARNING:

Texsport tent fabrics are flame retardant treated per C.P.A.I.-84 specifications. However, for your safety, we recommend that **NO OPEN FLAME BE USED IN OR NEAR YOUR TENT.**

QUESTIONS:

If you should have any questions, problems, or comments please call our Customer Service Department at 1-800-231-1402. This Department is open M-F from 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m.CST. www.texsport.com

◦ PLEASE SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR MORE VALUABLE INFORMATION ◦

IN CASE THE SHOCK CORD IS BROKEN, OR LOSES ELASTICITY, THERE ARE TWO SOLUTIONS:

- 1) By dividing the total number of individual "pole pieces" by the number of "arch sections" in the erected tent, you can determine the number of "pole pieces" used to assemble one "arch section". The individual pole pieces can be assembled and threaded piece by piece through the sleeves and the tent erected in the normal manner.
- 2) Replacement shock-corded poles are available for sale through Texsport dealers nationwide.

TENT STAKES:

All tents should be staked down. The stakes supplied with your tent are effective for most conditions; however, specialized stakes are recommended in certain cases:

- a) Sand stakes: . . . Long broad stakes designed to hold in loose sand
- b) Steel stakes: . . . Most effective in hard, rocky or frozen soil. These can rust and their sharp edges could damage the tent if stored with the tent. In extremely hard soil a steel rod can be used to make a starter hole.
- c) Skewer Stakes: . . . Lightweight, but less holding power than the standard stakes
- d) Snow stakes: . . . The most common method is to bury objects with a great deal of surface area in the snow. (i.e. branches, aluminum pie plates, stuffsacks or tent bags filled with snow and buried: (this may be referred to as the dead man method). Tents can also be secured to snow skis, or poles which are stuck into the snow.

CONDENSATION:

The human body gives off a considerable amount of moisture during the night. If this moisture cannot escape from the tent, it will condense on the inner surface, especially during cold weather.

- a) Coated nylon tent - Condensation may build up on the inner surface and make it wet. This does not mean the tent leaks. Rain droplets may knock much condensation loose, which may feel like leakage or misting. If windows are left open, this condition will be reduced.
- b) Breathable tents - A breathable roof with a top fly will greatly reduce condensation. High humidity, however, will restrain the movement of moisture through the tent material. Also, in extremely cold conditions moisture may freeze on the inner surface, blocking the passage of moisture through the fabric. Condensation may accumulate under sleeping pads, shoes, etc. which press the floor material against the cool earth.

ZIPPERS:

If zippers stick, lubricate with silicone. Never force a zipper which has material caught in it, as this will bend the slider and prevent the zipper from closing. Continual use in a sandy environment can cause the slider to erode and fail to close the zipper.

STORAGE:

Tents should be stored dry and loosely folded, away from heat. Keep out of reach of mice as they like to nest in tents. Never store directly on concrete, as moisture and chemicals in the concrete may damage the nylon.

WASHING:

Hand wash with a sponge, using soap such as Ivory Flakes. Never use detergent or washing machines as this may damage the coating or seams.

HOW LONG WILL A NYLON TENT LAST?

Various conditions will affect the length of service which you receive:

- a) A nylon tent which is left erected all summer may last only one or two seasons, as the sun's ultra-violet rays damage nylon under continual exposure.
- b) Never store a tent wet or damp, as mildew may develop. It will not harm nylon, however, mildew is unsightly and may damage other parts of the tent (i.e. zipper tapes).
- c) Avoid spraying insect repellent or hair sprays, etc. on tent fabric as they may be harmful.

REPAIR:

Adhesive-backed rip-stop repair tape is recommended for repairing tears. Small holes can be sealed using nylon seam sealant.

